

Secure Multiparty Computation

CS/ECE 407

Today's objectives

Introduce the notion of a secure computation

Define and construct oblivious transfer

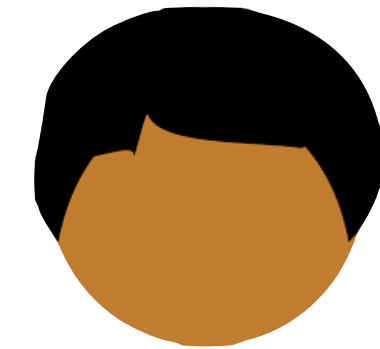
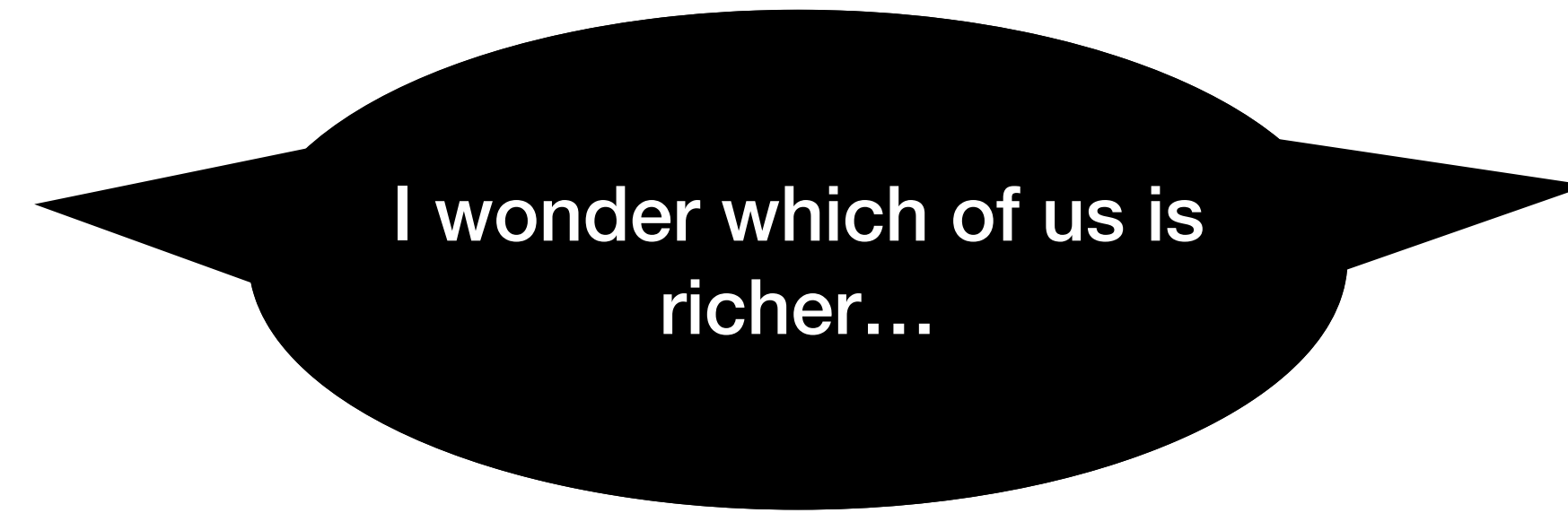
Connect secure computation with secret sharing

Construct a general-purpose MPC protocol

Yao's Millionaire Problem



\$13m

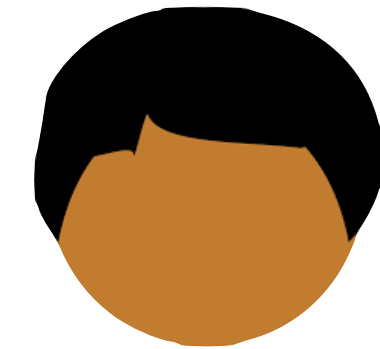
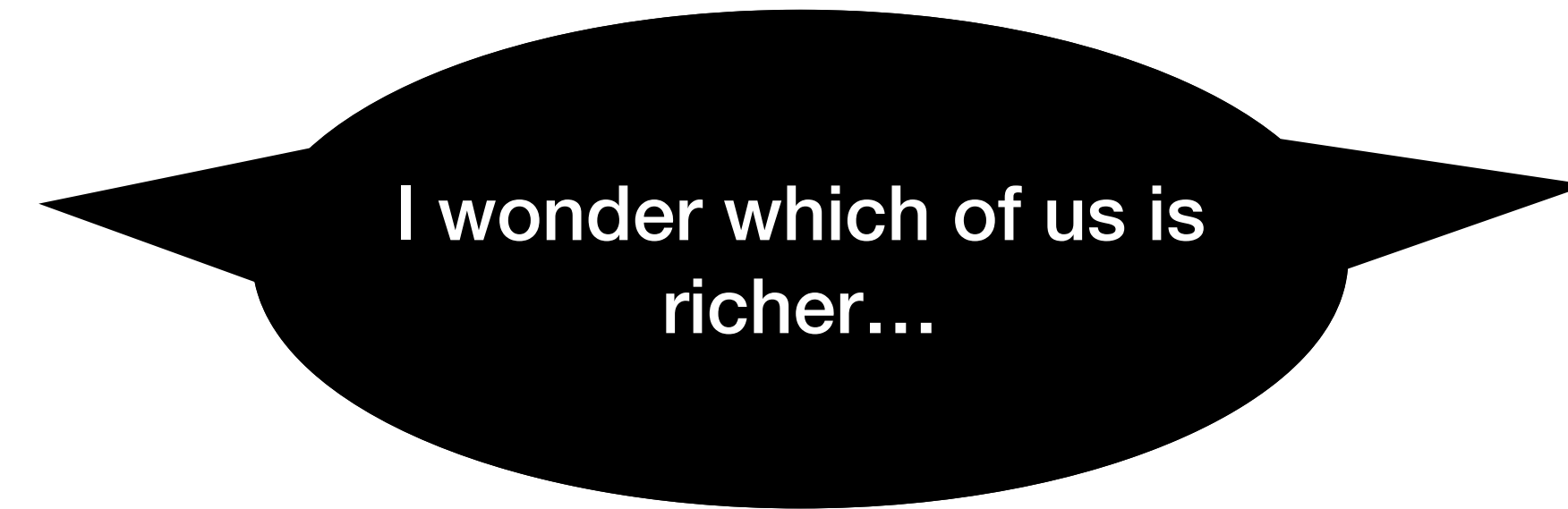


\$45m

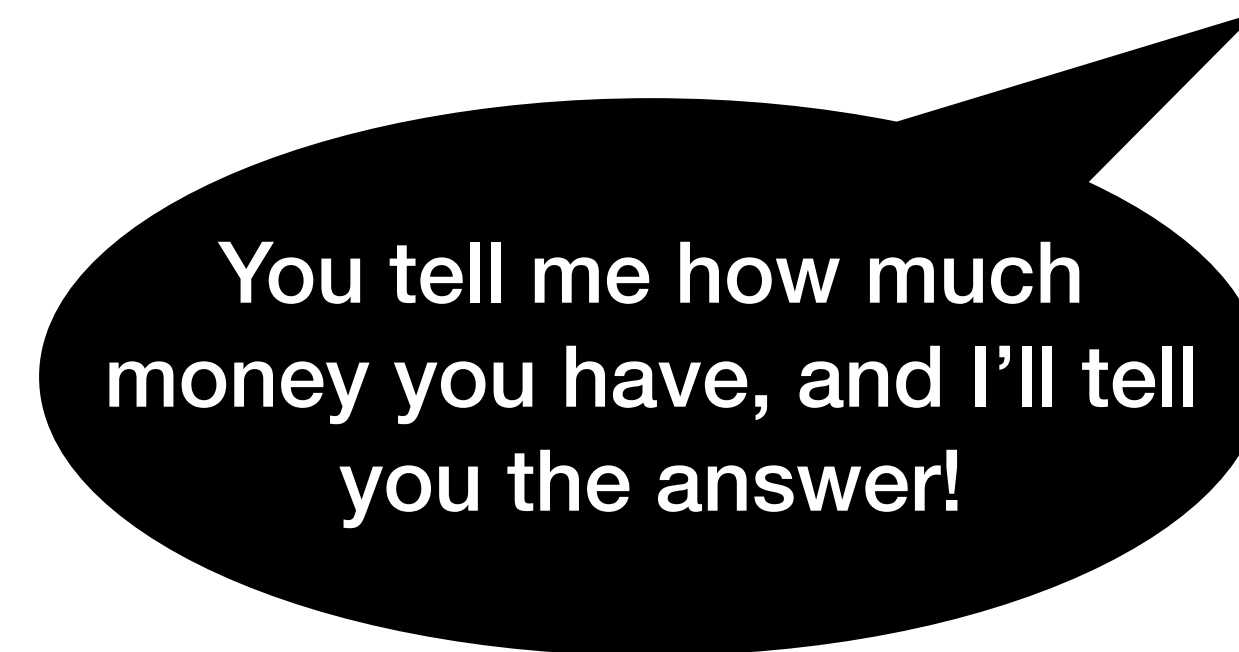
Yao's Millionaire Problem



\$13m



\$45m

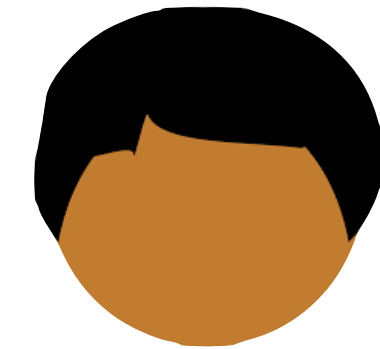


Yao's Millionaire Problem



\$13m

I wonder which of us is richer...



\$45m

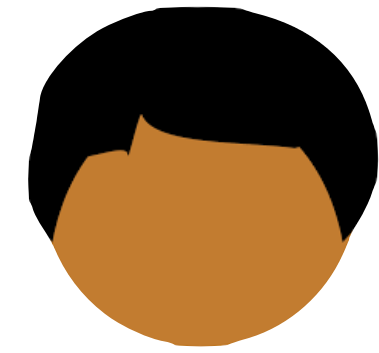
No way! You tell me how much money *you* have!

You tell me how much money you have, and I'll tell you the answer!

Yao's Millionaire Problem



\$13m

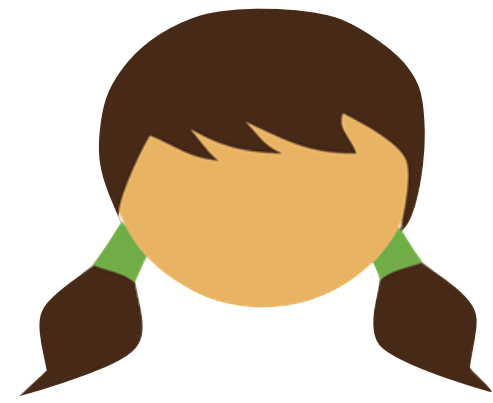


\$45m

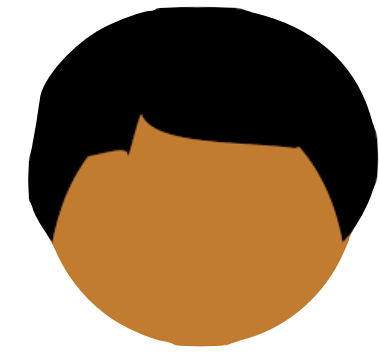


**Incorruptible,
trusted third party**

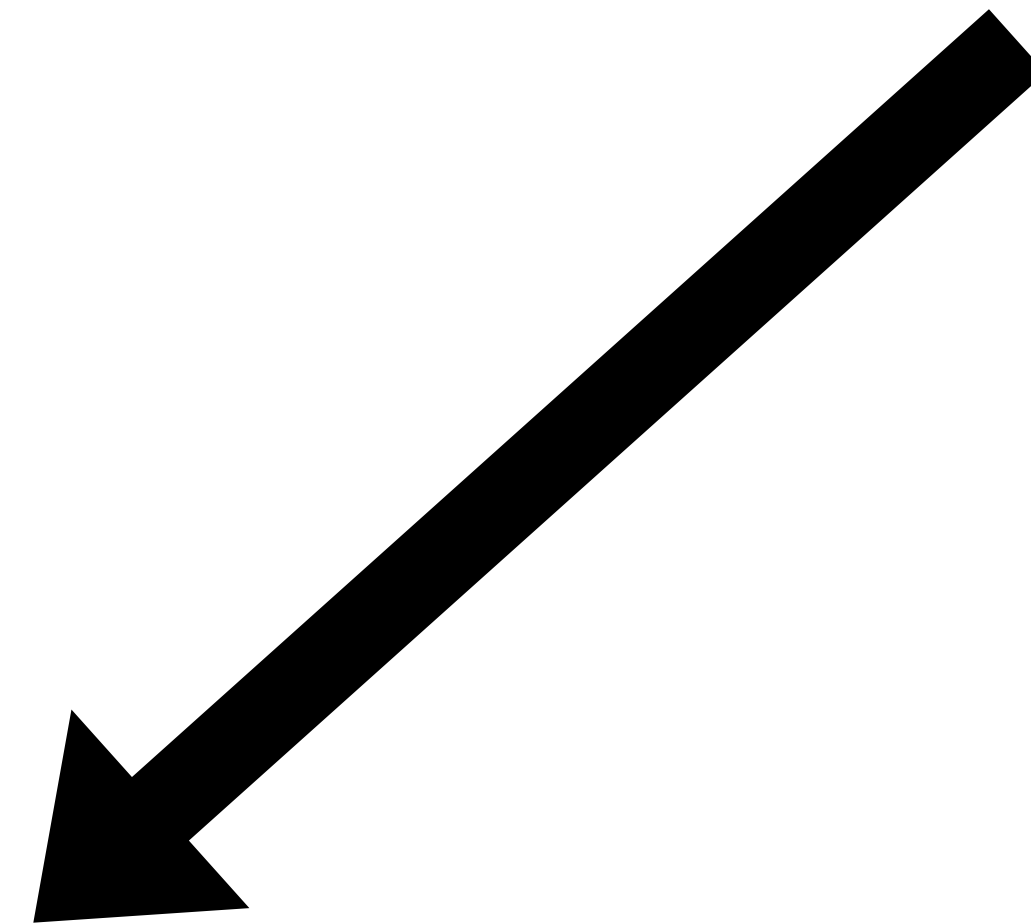
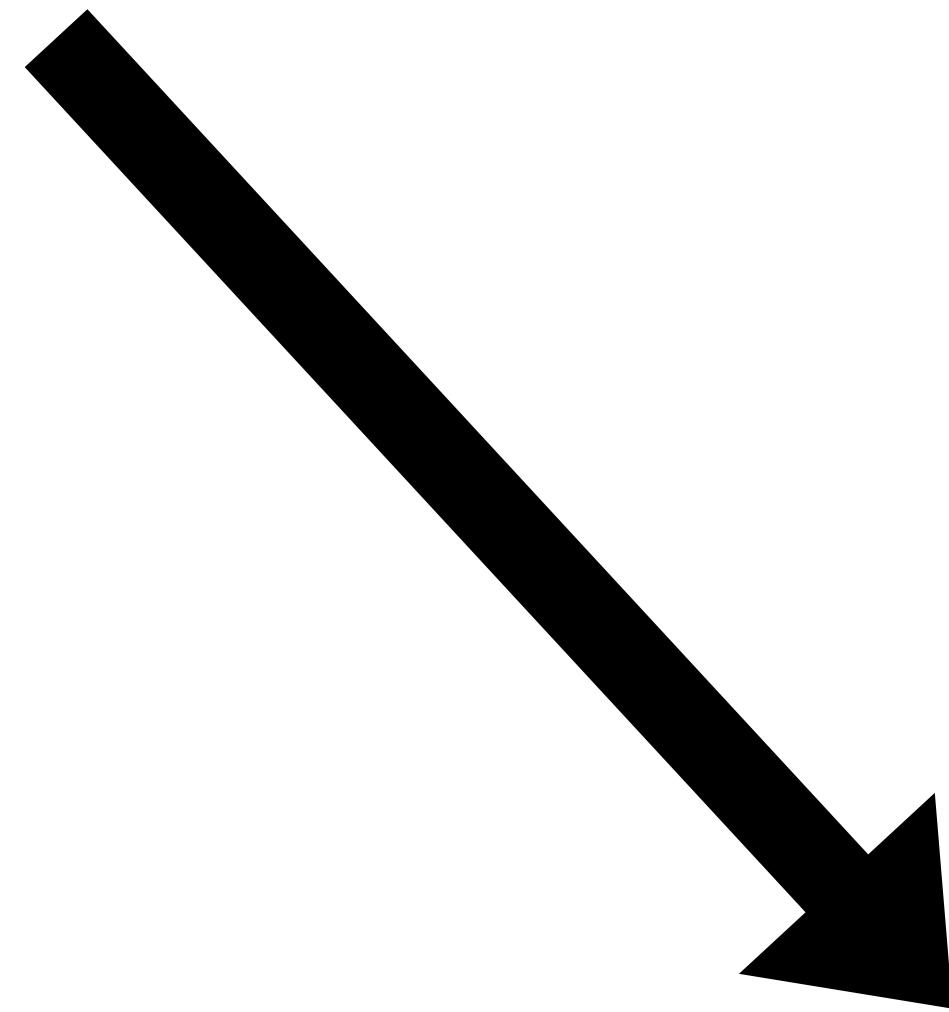
Yao's Millionaire Problem



\$13m



\$45m



**Incorruptible,
trusted third party**

Yao's Millionaire Problem



\$13m



\$45m

Bob is richer.

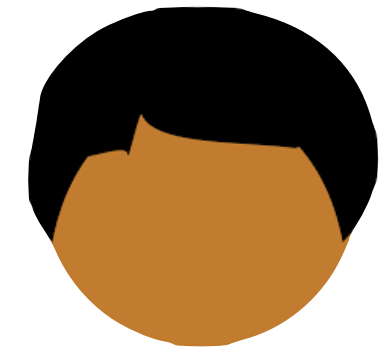


**Incorruptible,
trusted third party**

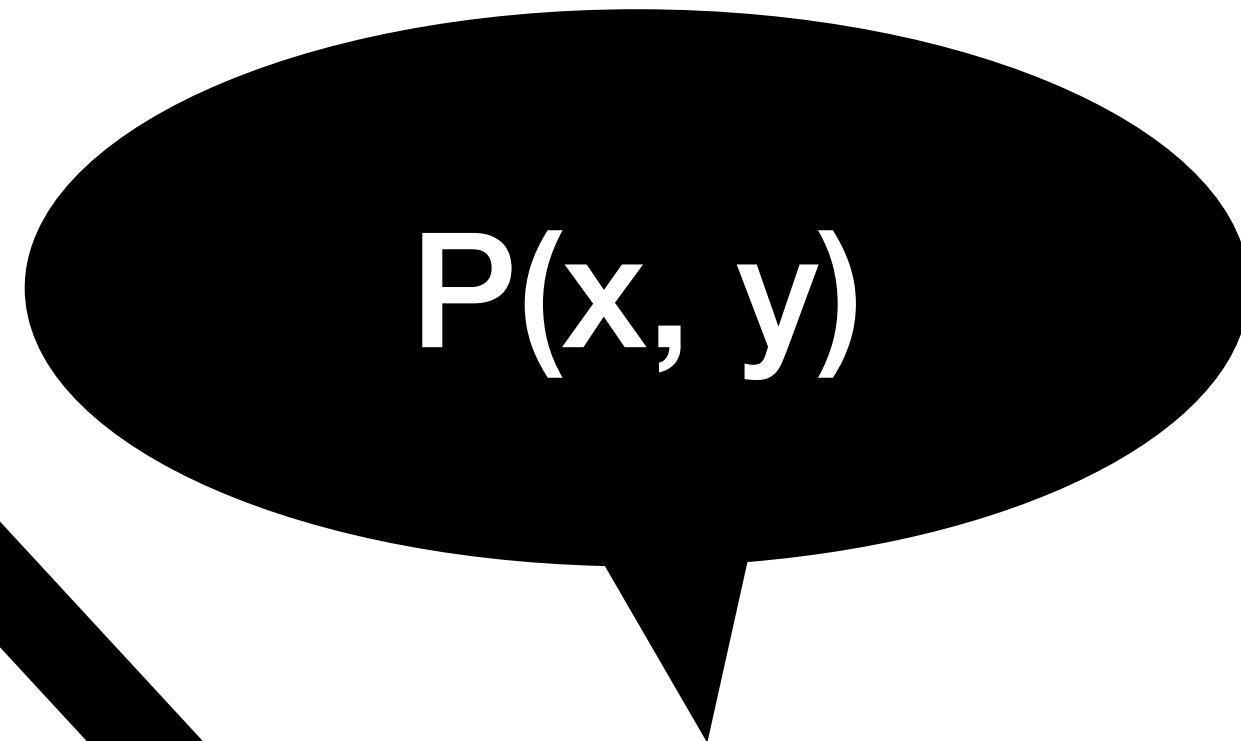
MPC



X



y



$P(x, y)$



**Incorruptible,
trusted third party**

MPC



x



y

We have protocols
for any program P

Privacy-preserving

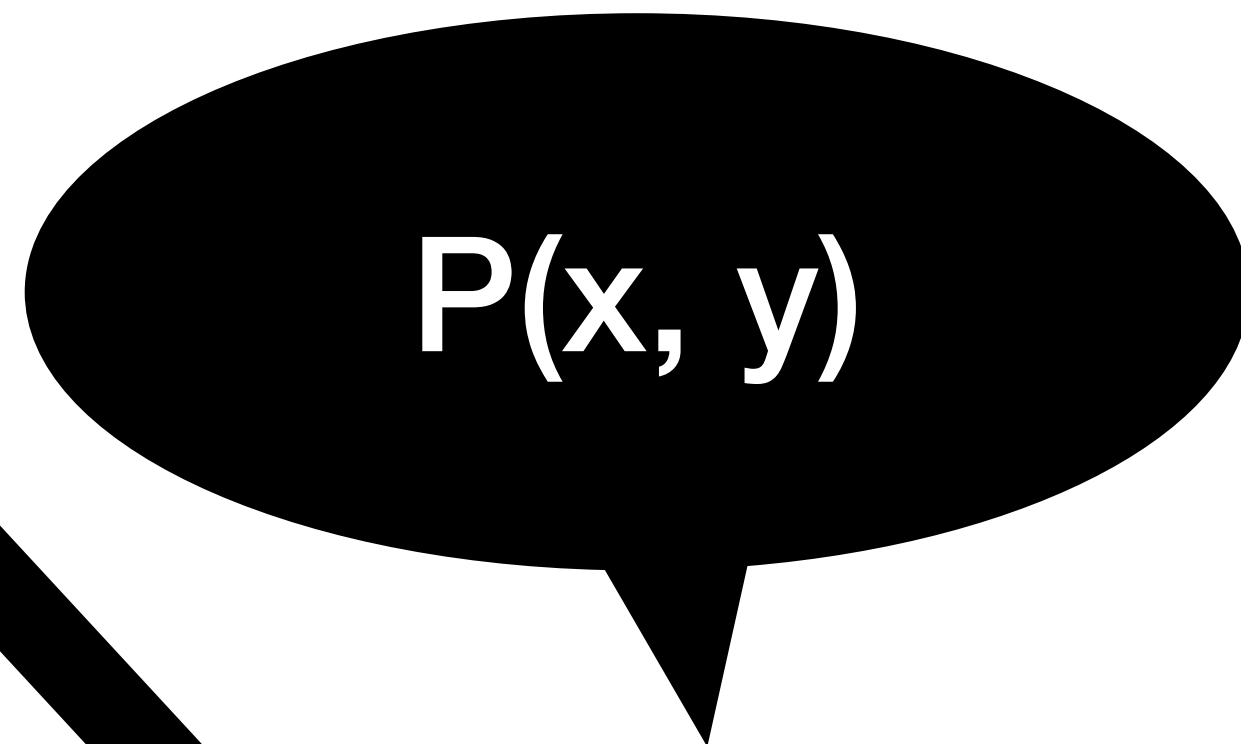
auctions

analytics

contact discovery

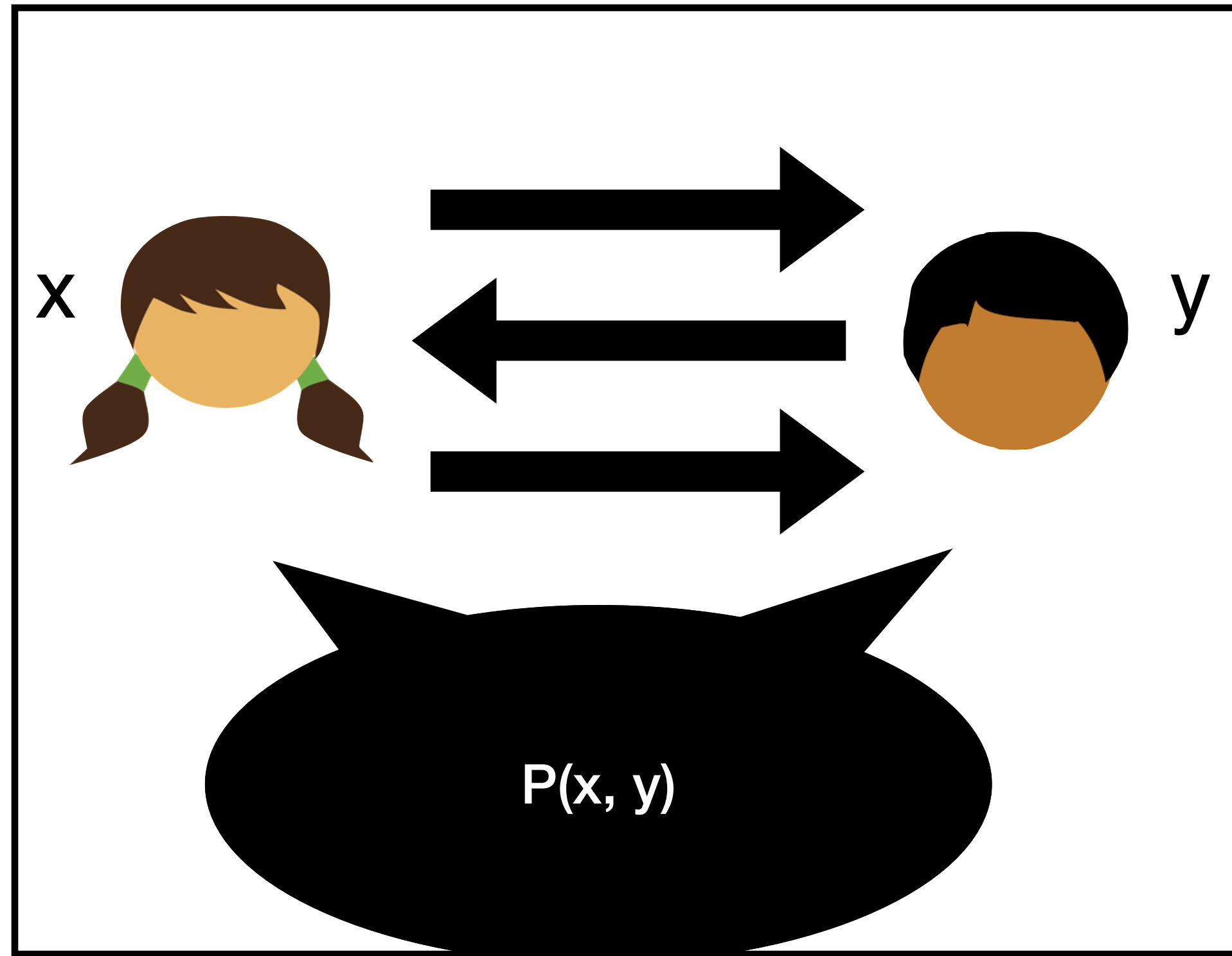
fraud detection

...



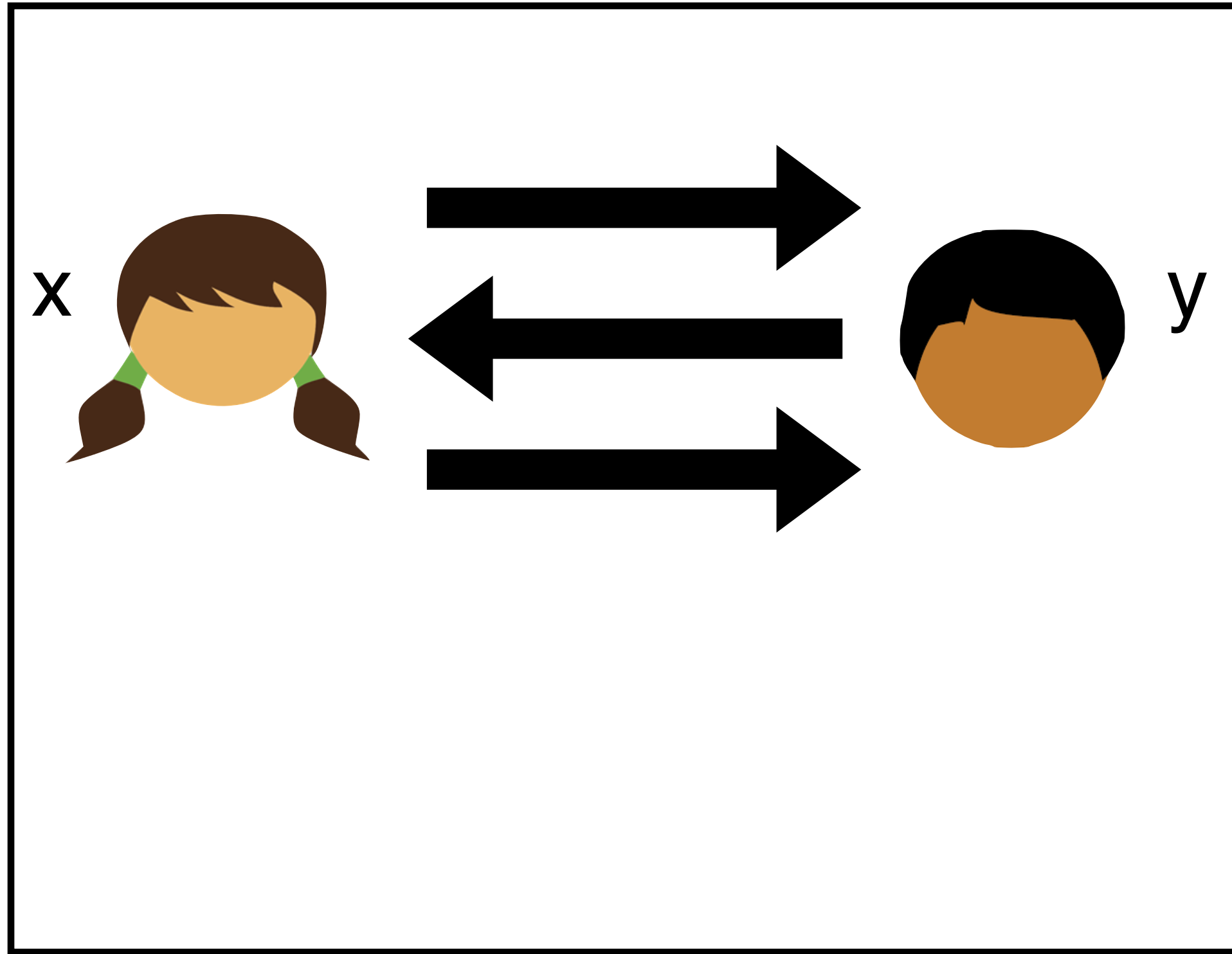
**Incorruptible,
trusted third party**

MPC informally

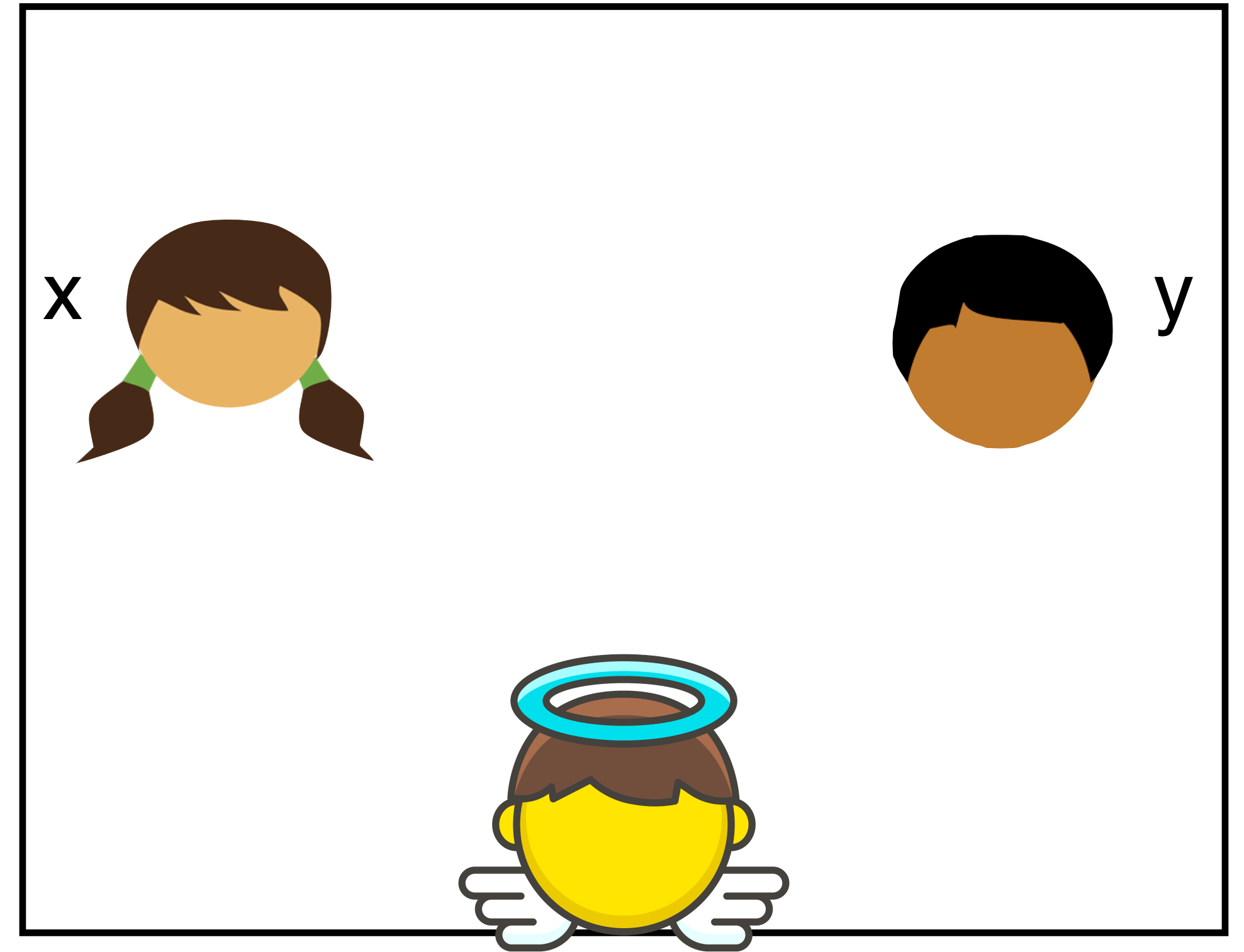


\approx

MPC informally

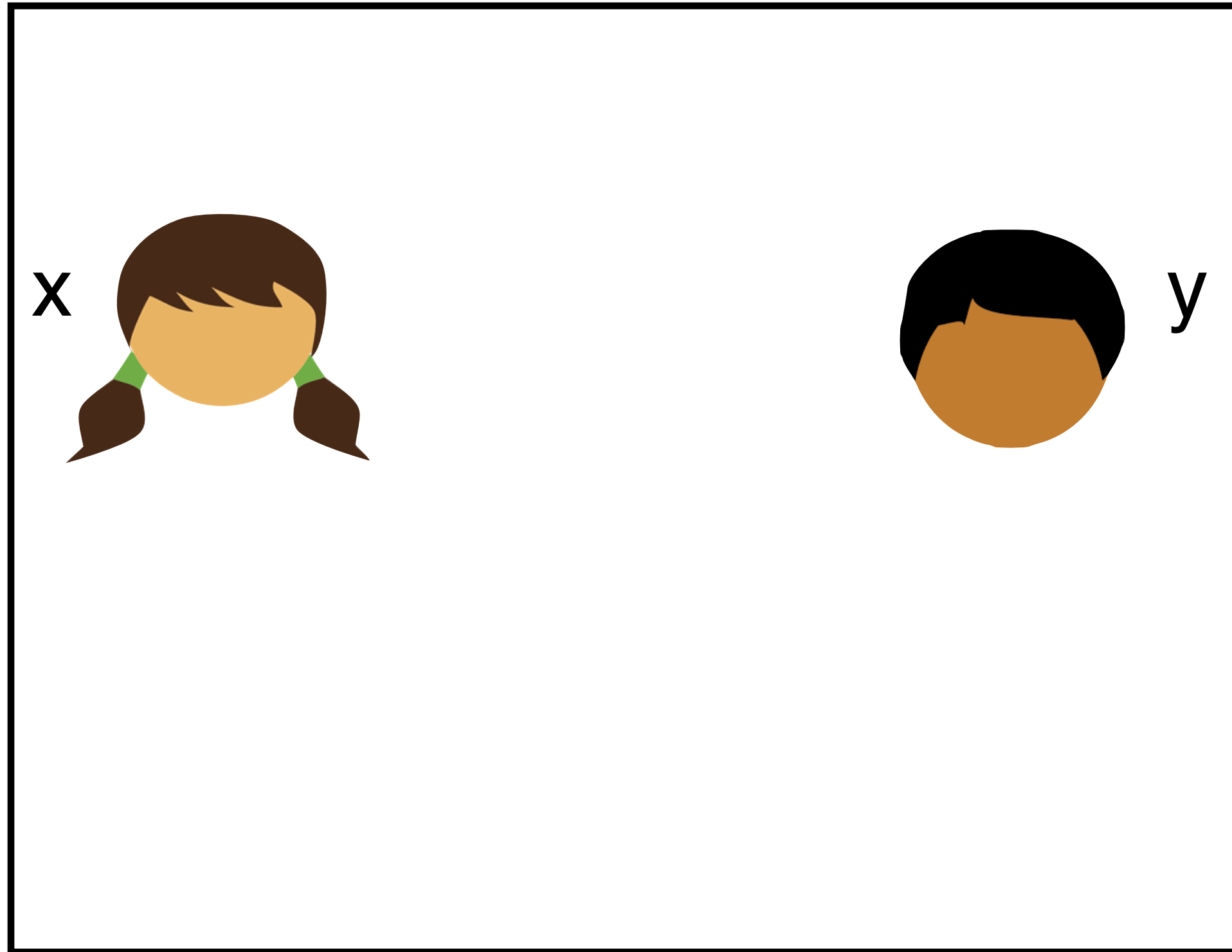


≈



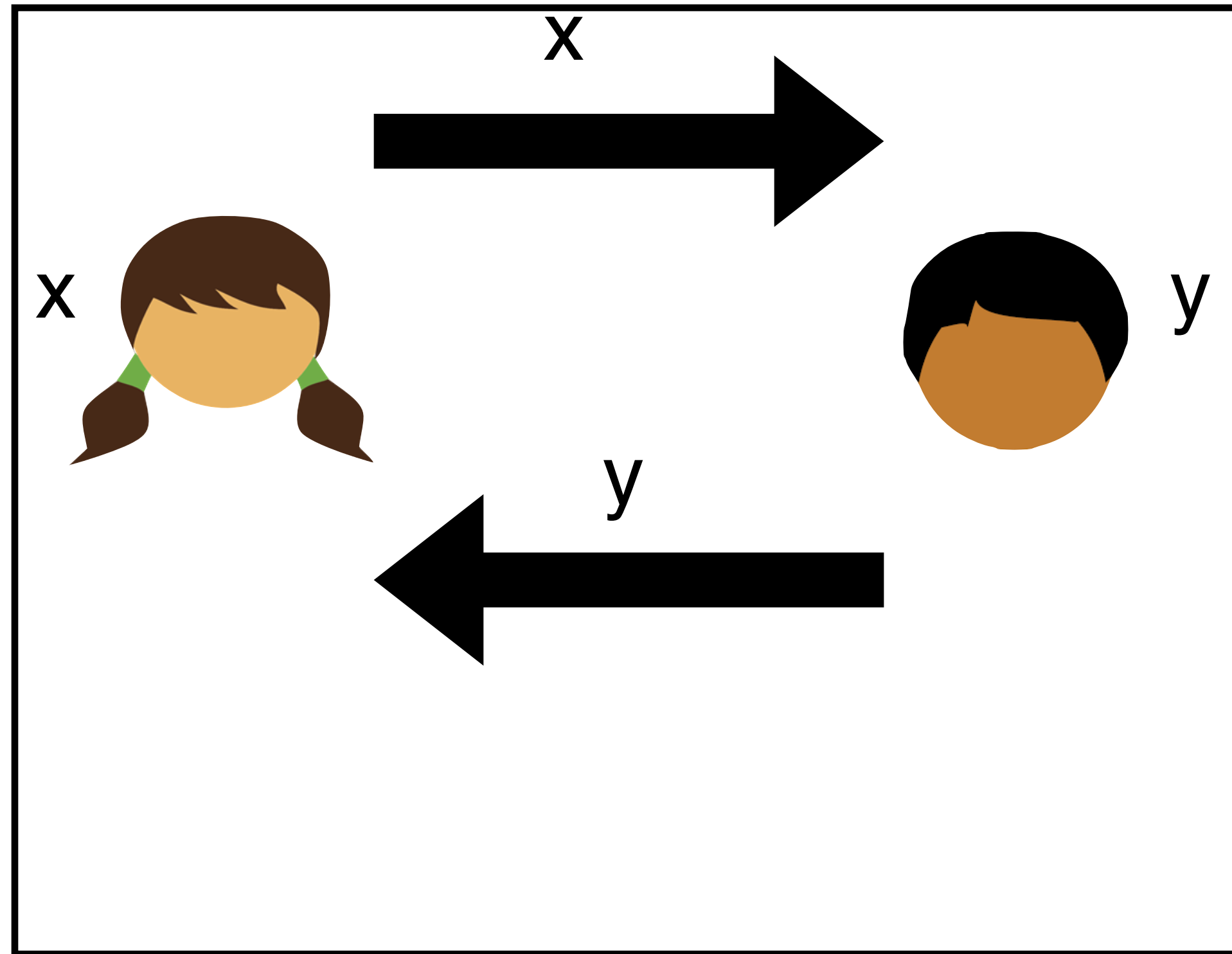
First semi-honest secure protocol

$$P(x, y) = x \oplus y$$



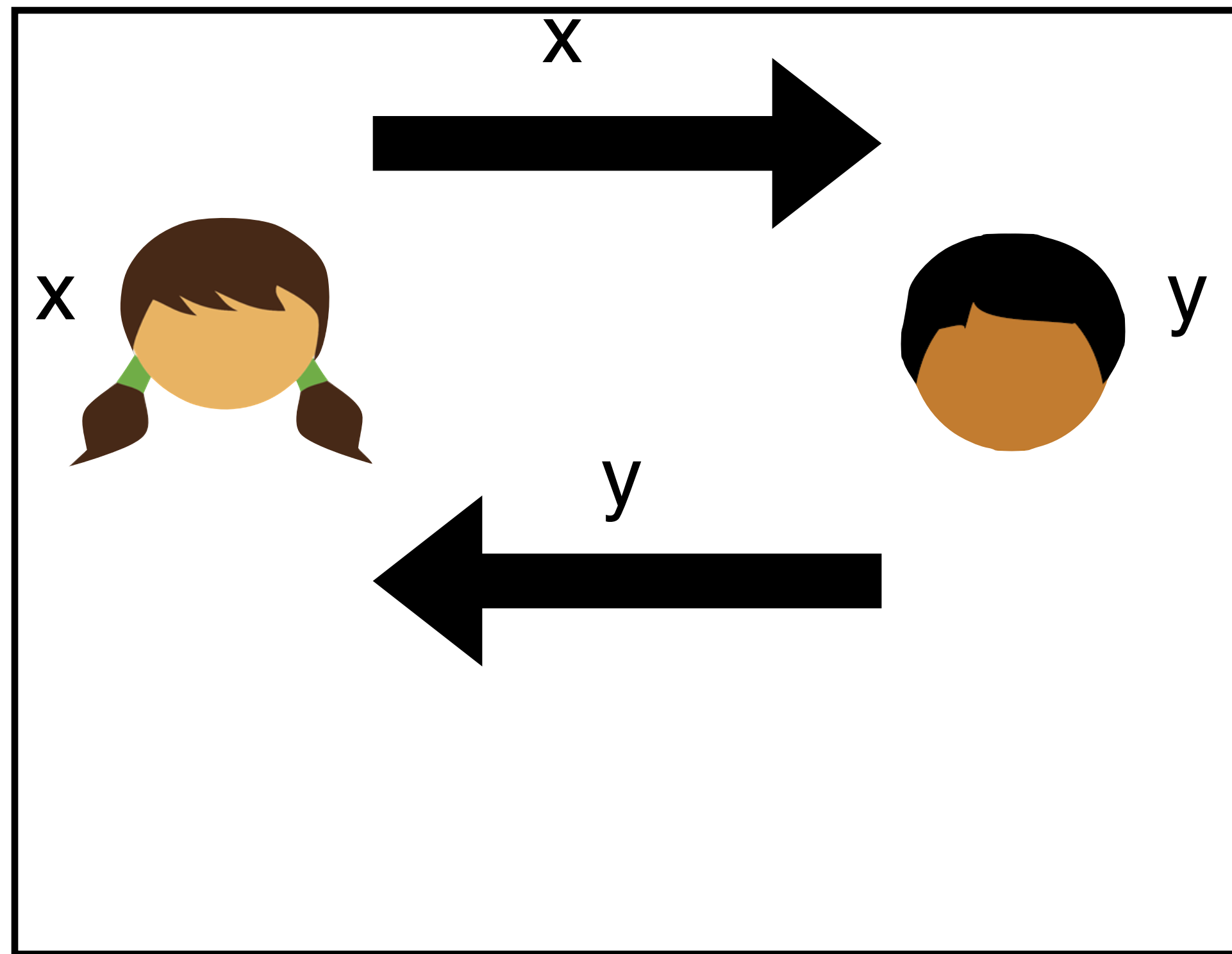
First semi-honest secure protocol

$$P(x, y) = x \oplus y$$

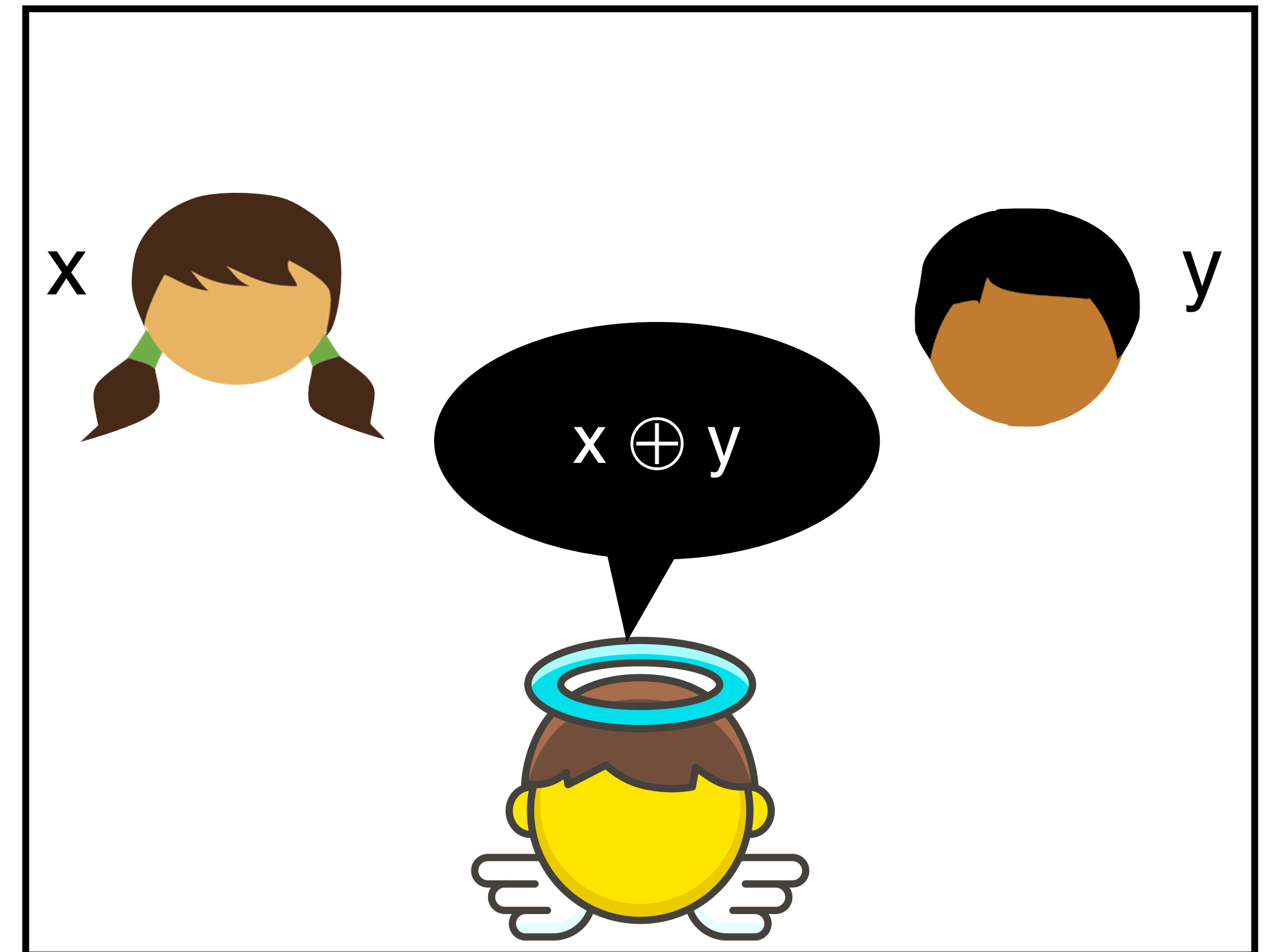


First semi-honest secure protocol

$$P(x, y) = x \oplus y$$



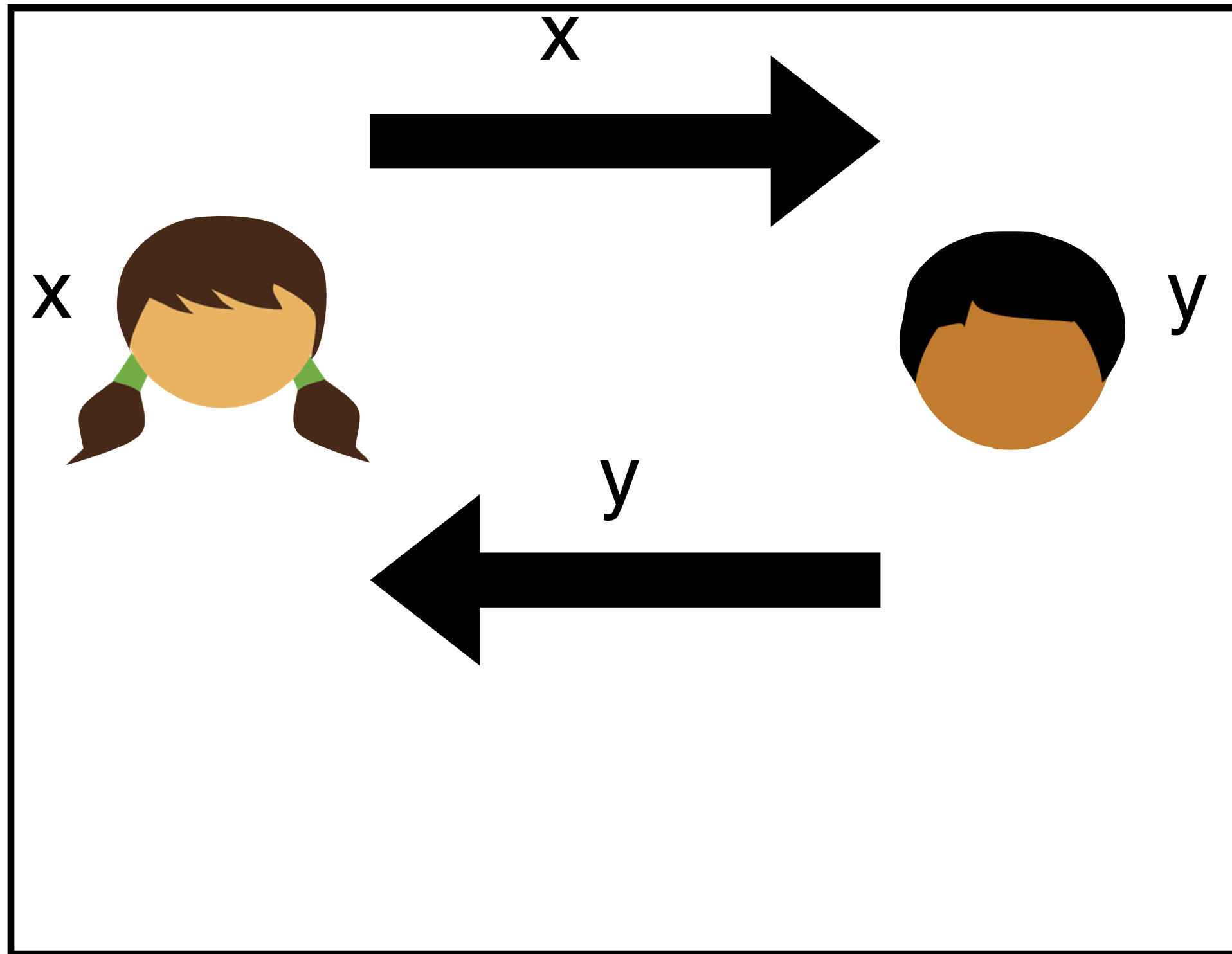
≈



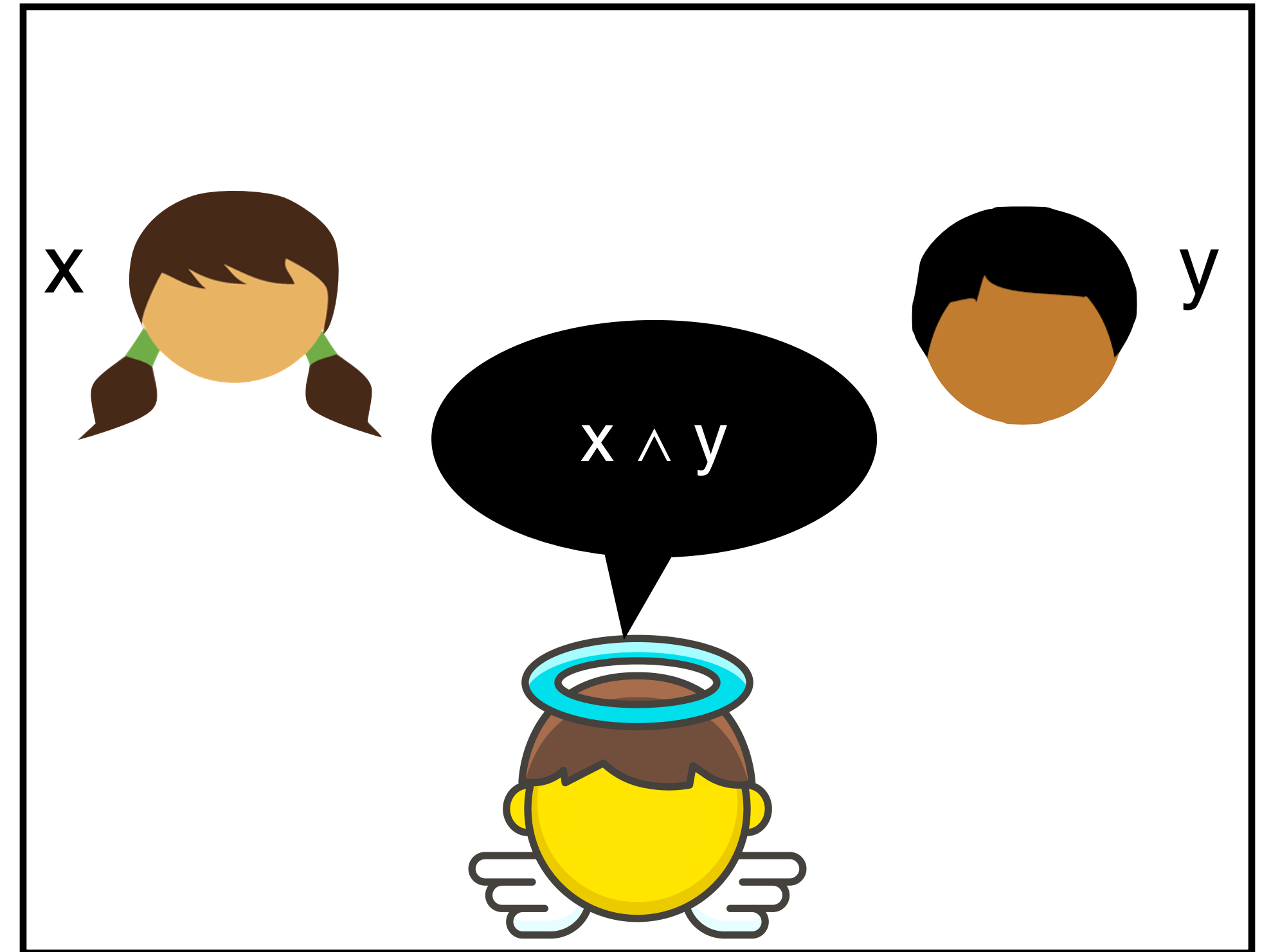
*The protocol is secure if everything Alice and Bob see in the real world can be **simulated** from what they see in the ideal world*

Is this secure?

$$P(x, y) = x \wedge y$$

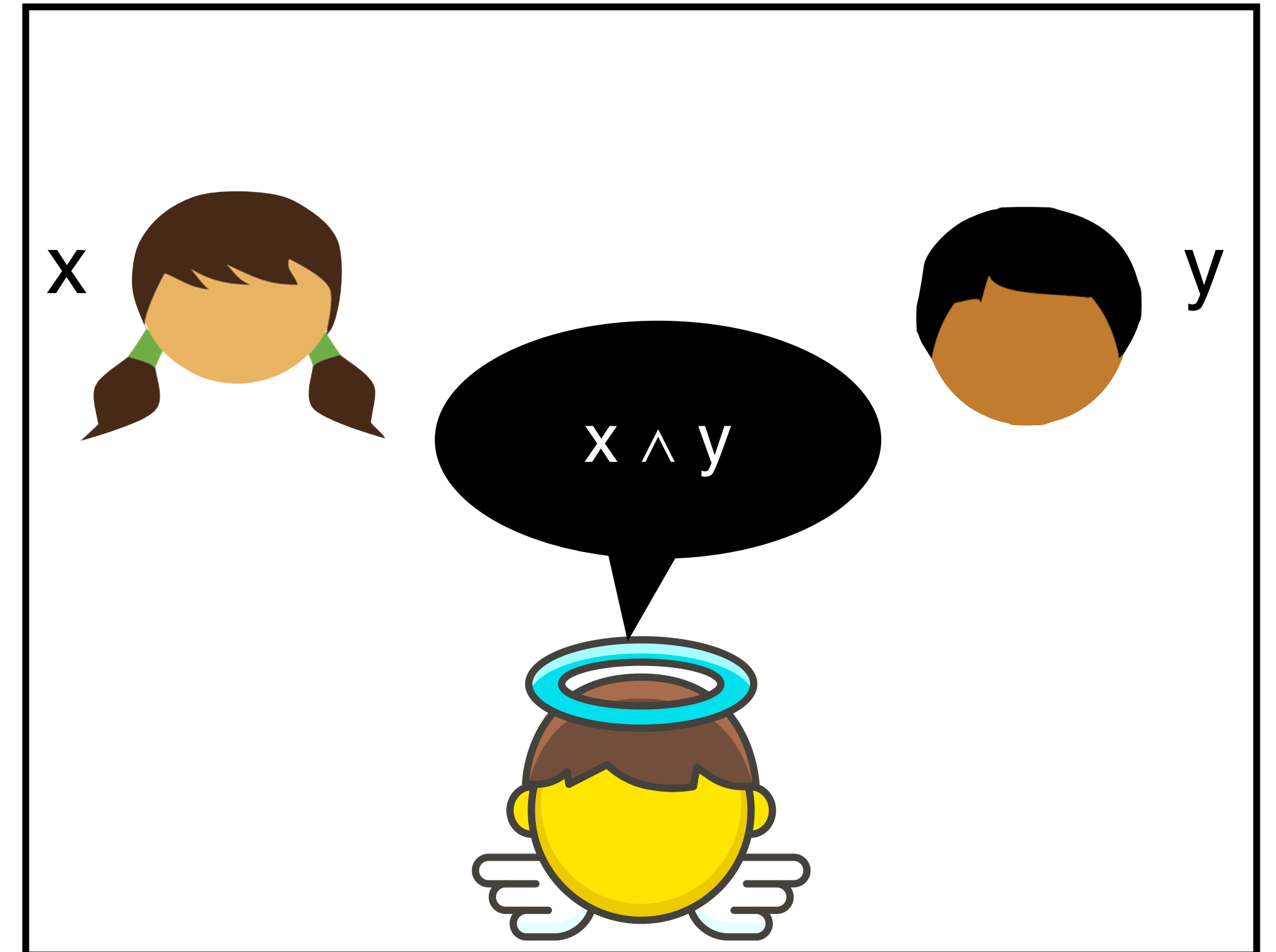
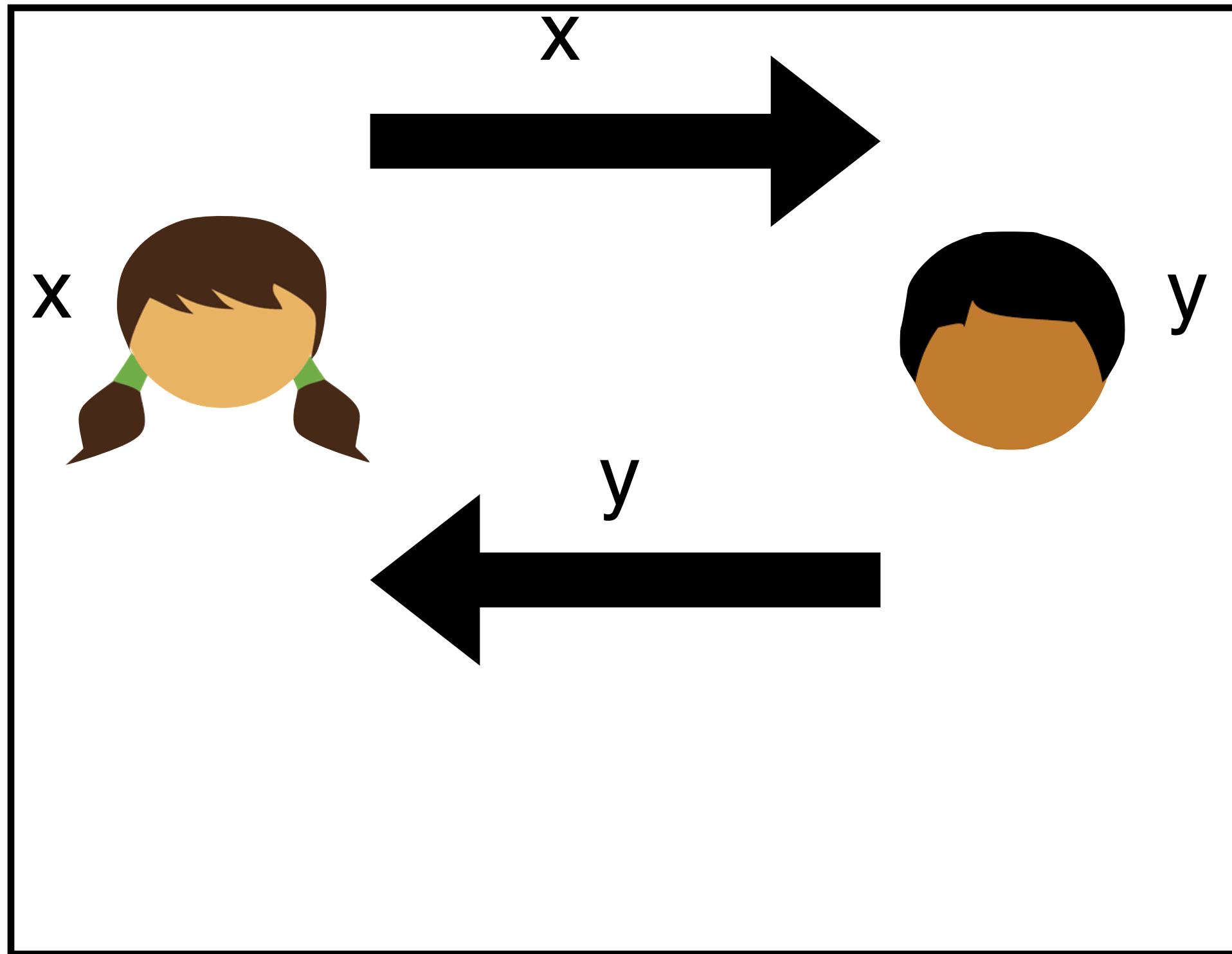


≈

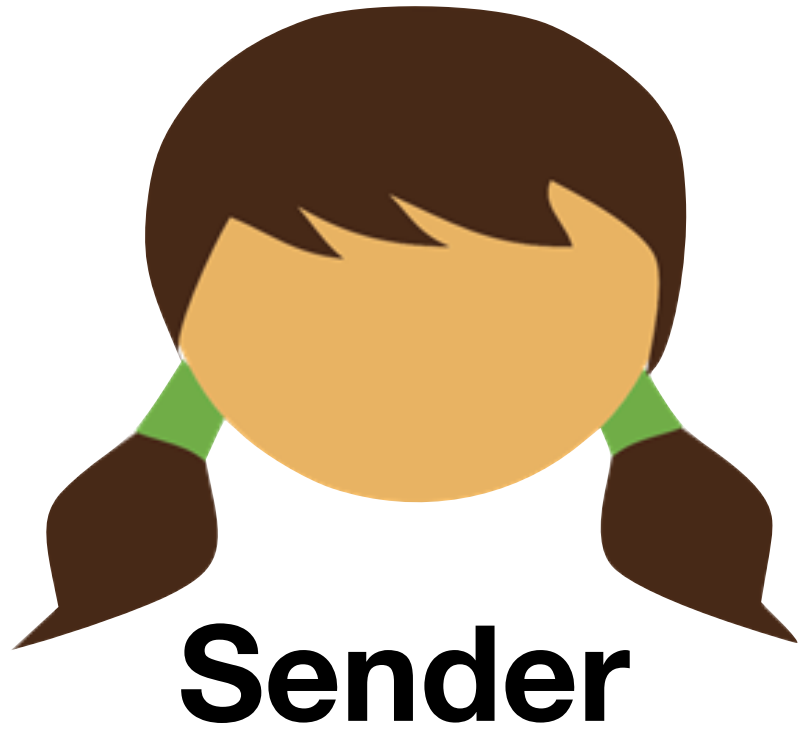


Is this secure?

$$P(x, y) = x \wedge y$$



Oblivious Transfer



Oblivious Transfer

m_0, m_1



Sender



**1-out-of-2
Oblivious
Transfer**

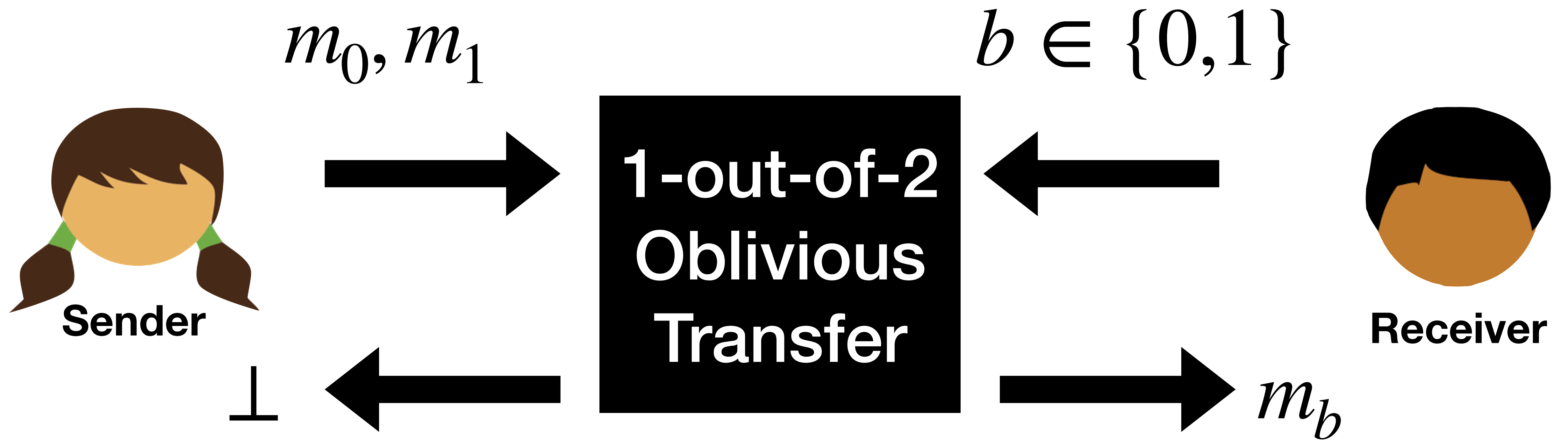


Receiver

Oblivious Transfer

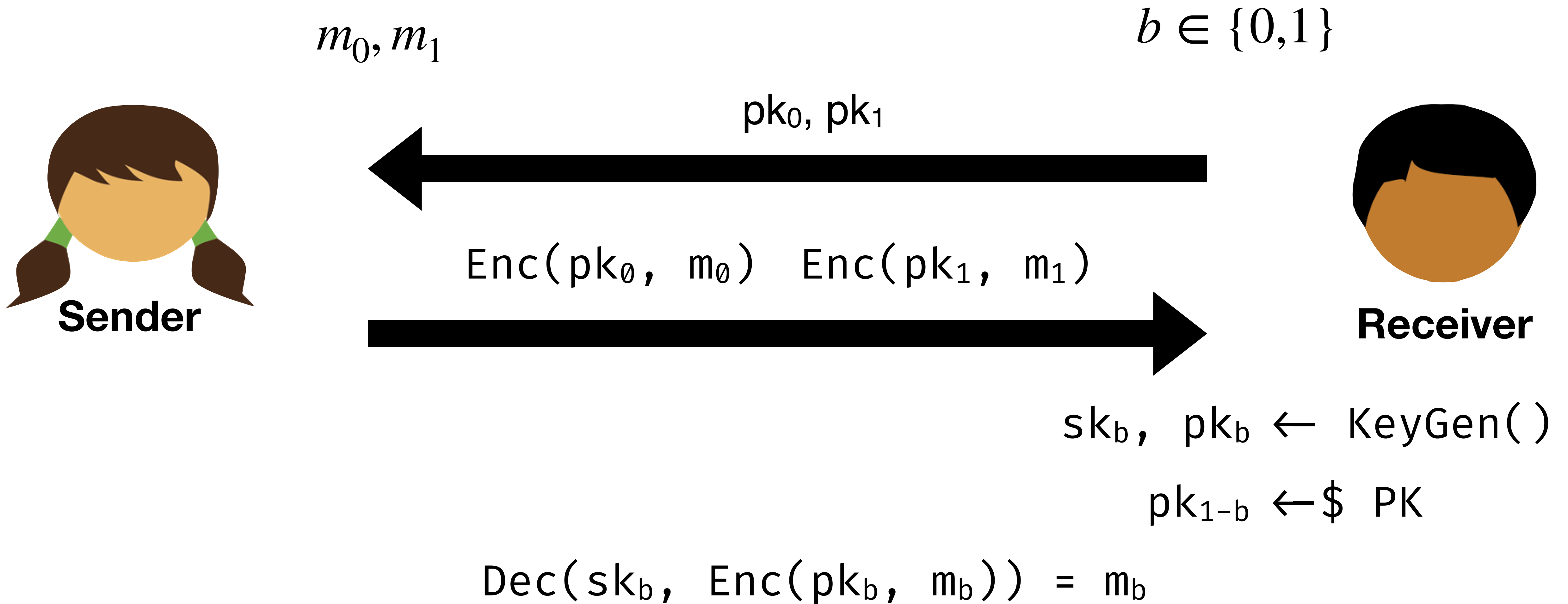


Oblivious Transfer

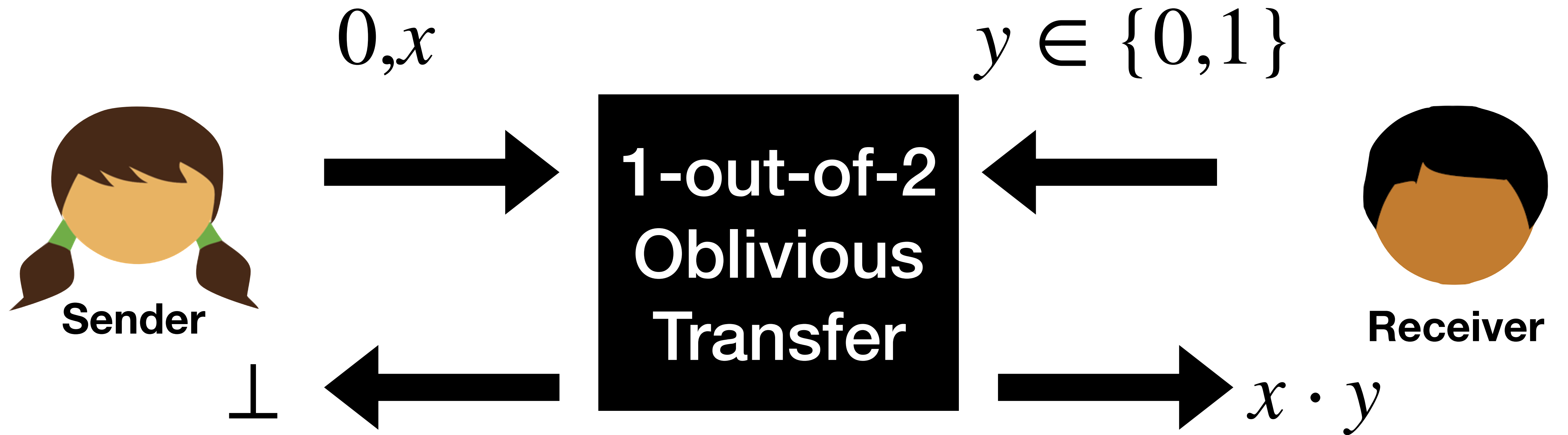


Oblivious Transfer from PKE

(with ability to sample public key)

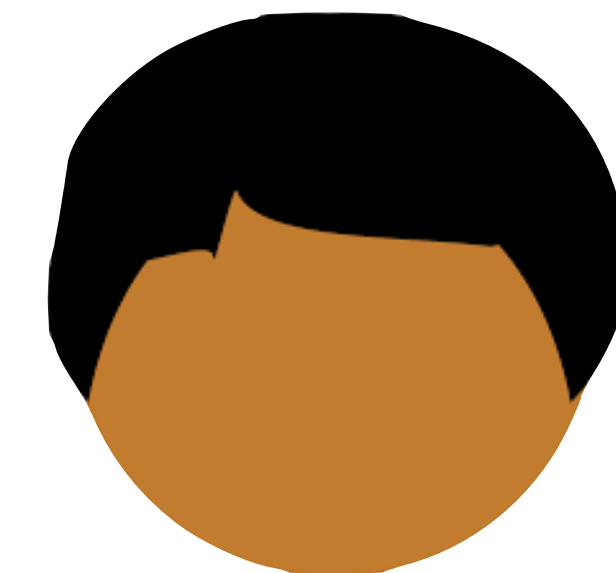
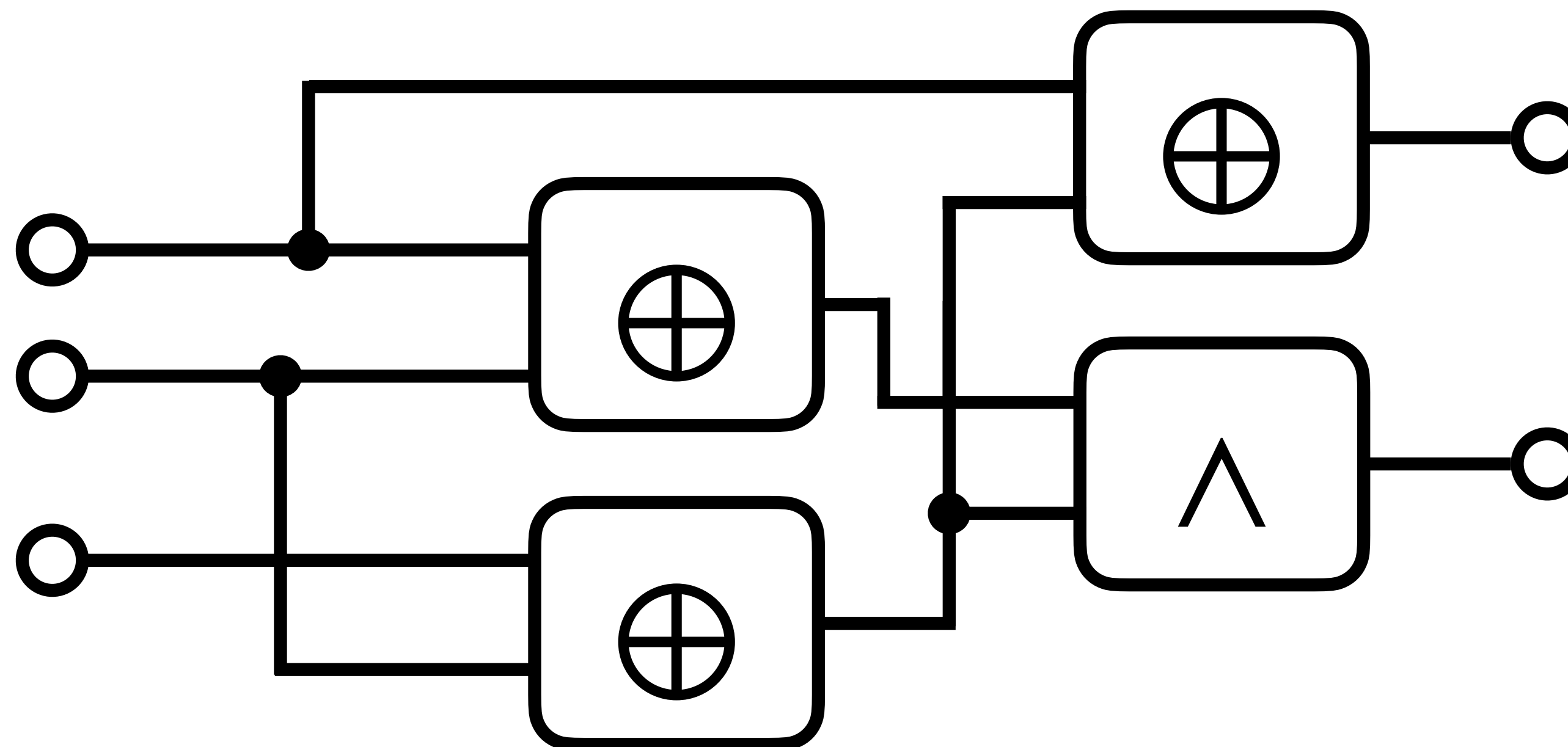


Secure AND



Sketch of how to run any program P securely

“Compute on secret shares of data”



Today's objectives

Introduce the notion of a secure computation

Define and construct oblivious transfer

Connect secure computation with secret sharing

Construct a general-purpose MPC protocol